constant soil properties

To whom it may concern

Prof. Rainer Stamminger on behalf of Sta-De Testmaterial Sta-De Testmaterial is delivering - since more than 25 years soils as defined in IEC/EN 60436

Why to use common soils?

Why common soils

- Soils are relevant for the cleaning (and less for drying) performance
- Even if it is tried to eliminate influences by using a Reference Dishwasher and a Reference Detergent, there remain differences if different sources of the requested soil types are used
- The requested level of cleaning performance is so high (a cleaning result of about 4,0) that influences of the soil type are still relevant.
- Commonly used soil types avoid or reduce those possible differences
- Commonly used soil types means to use soils from
 - ► the same brand of a manufacturer with high quality requirements
 - the same batch of production (as long as possible by the use by date)
 - strictly follow the requirements of the standard (meat preparation)
 - have an additional quality control (by chemical analyses of the ingredients)
 - ▶ for all clients.
- Performance tests of a dishwasher are very expensive and decisions based on the results are relevant for the whole company that the highest possible trust on the accuracy of the test results is justified.

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How constant are the soils?

Oat flakes

- Soil type: porridge
- **Species**: seeds of *Avena sativa*



- Relevant physical process: milled (ground), steel-cut, or rolled??
- Relevant chemical properties: starch and protein content
- Way to determine physical and chemical properties
 - protein content: by Kjeldahl method (ASU 15.00-3)
 - starch content: by POLARIMETRIC METHOD (ASU L 17.00-5)
- Possible range of physical and chemical properties:
 - Starch content: 43% 73% (according to Köllnflockenwerke)
- Trade name of established soil: Kölln Blütenzarte Haferflocken



Oat flakes: Kölln Flocken



Spinach

- Soil type: spinach frozen (or freeze dried)
- Species: *Spinacia oleracea*



- Relevant physical process: washed, blanched, shock frosted
- Relevant chemical properties: protein, dietary fibres
- Way to determine physical and chemical properties
 - Dry matter content: ASU L 06.00-3
- Range of allowed physical and chemical properties: ??
- Trade name of established soil: IGLO "Junger Spinat" fein gehackt

Spinach



FDS - Freeze-dried spinach





Tea

- Soil type: Finest tea blend from Indian and Ceylon tea gardens in India and Ceylon
- Species:
- Relevant physical process:
- Relevant chemical properties: tanning component
- Way to determine physical and chemical properties:
 - Tanning: DETERMINATION OF TANNINS IN HERBAL DRUGS or calculated as Pyrogallol Ph. Eur. 2.8.14(1)
- Range of allowed physical and chemical properties: ??
- Trade name of established soil: Sir Winston Tea Broken Orange Pekoe by Teekanne GmbH



Tea



Broken Orange Pekoe

Minced meat

► Soil type:

- IEC 60436 4th ed: 100% beef meat + 1/3 of whole egg
- ▶ EN 50242: 50% : 50% pork and beef meat + 1/3 of whole egg
- Species: not defined In IEC 60436: beef pieces defined
- Relevant physical process: slaughtering?
 - "Remove all fat and sinew from the meat before mincing."
 - "Use an electric meat grinder, with a perforated disc, with between 45 and 55 holes of 4,5 mm diameter"
- Relevant chemical properties: aging?
- Way to determine physical and chemical properties:
 - Water: calculated
 - Protein: ASU L 06.00-7 mod.
 - Fat: ASU L 06.00-6
 - **Dry matter:** ASU L 06.00-3
- Range of allowed physical and chemical properties: ??

Minced meat (beef + pork)





Minced beef



Statistics of chemical analyses of soils from Sta-De Testmaterialien

		± stand.	± analytical uncertainty	
all values in %	average	dev.	(p=95%; k=2)	
Oat flakes				
starch content	57,0	1,1	2%	
protein content	13,5	1,2	2%	
Spinach				
Frozen spinach - dry matter	7,0	0,7	4%-13%	
FDS (Freeze-dried spinach) - dry matter	6,7	0,7	4%-13%	
Теа				
tanning	6,3	0,9		
Minced meat (50% pork / 50% beef + egg)				
protein	20,7	0,4	2%	
fat	3,3	0,3	9%	
dry matter	25,1	0,6	4%	
Minced beef mixture (100% beef + egg)				
protein	20,5	0,7	2%	
fat	3,3	0,4	9%	
dry matter	25,8	0,8	4%	

Variation if almost completely within analytical uncertainty of the chemical analysis

Summary

- Sta-De is delivering since more than 25 years a constant quality of the soils defined in IEC/EN 60436 to its clients
- This is possible due to:
 - Using the recommended products (Iglo, Teekanne & Koelln), as those brands use their own quality control system to produce products of constant quality
 - Using well branded products (Deli, Weihenstephan), as those brands use their own quality control system to produce products of constant quality
 - Buying large batches (especially tea, oat flakes & spinach) and delivering all clients from the same batch
 - Following rigorously the requirement of the standard IEC 60436 in 6.4.4.1: "Remove all fat and sinew from the meat before mincing" for self-made minced meat and minced beef
 - Performing regular analytical chemical analyses (SGS) to confirm the component content
 - With the unique FDS spinach the global delivery is possible at reasonable costs (as transport is without dry-ice at a much lower weight)

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